ESG Due Diligence Report for Retrofit of Government Working Women's Hostels at Tirunelveli

Final Report (Strictly confidential for controlled circulation)

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Submitted by,



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List of abbreviations

ADB	Asian Development Bank
CMDA	Chennai Metropolitan Development Authority
CRZ	Coastal regulation zone
CTE	Consent to Establish
СТО	Consent to Operate
Dept.	Department
DSW	Department of Social Welfare
DSWO	District Social Welfare Officer
DFR	Detailed Feasibility Report
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
EMP	Environment Management Plan
ESG	Environment, Social and Governance
ESGMS	Environment, Social and Governance Management System
GoTN	Government of Tamil Nadu
GRM	Grievance Redressal Mechanism
IFC	International Finance Corporation
LEED	Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design
MoEFCC	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change
NOC	No Objection Certificate
OSD	Officer on Special Duty
OSR	Open space reservation
PMU	Project Management Unit
SPV	Special Purpose Vehicle
TN	Tamil Nadu
TNIFMC	Tamil Nadu Infrastructure Fund Management Corporation Limited
TNSF	Tamil Nadu Shelter Fund
TNWWHCL	Tamil Nadu Working Women's Hostels Corporation Limited
ULB	Urban Local Bodies

1. Introduction

1.1 Background

The Tamil Nadu Infrastructure Fund Management Corporation Limited (TNIFMC) is an Asset Management Company (AMC) promoted by the Government of Tamil Nadu (GoTN) for the purpose of raising and managing alternative asset funds focused on sectors like infrastructure, affordable housing etc. TNIFMC is currently managing two Alternative Investment Funds (AIF), viz., Tamil Nadu Infrastructure Fund (TNIF) and Tamil Nadu Shelter Fund (TNSF). Tamil Nadu Shelter Fund (TNSF) is registered as a Category I (Social Venture) Alternative Investment Fund, with a mandate to invest in affordable housing in Tamil Nadu. TNSF invests in affordable housing projects in the private, PPP or Government and/or its agencies. The primary focus of TNSF is:

- Affordable housing housing for the economically weaker (EWS) and low-income groups (LIG),
- Hostels for working women from all sections of the society
- Industrial accommodation for workers in SIPCOT Industrial Complexes/ Parks
- Senior and assisted living

Tamil Nadu Working Women's Hostels Corporation Limited (TNWWHCL) is a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) established in 2019 and incorporated on 6th February 2020 as per Companies Act 2013 by Department of Social Welfare and Nutritious Meal Programme under Government of Tamil Nadu in order to handle the social infrastructure projects in the state such as Working Women's Hostel, Senior Citizen Homes, Inclusive Living, etc. Owing to the huge demand for safe and affordable accommodation for working women, the TNWWHCL has initiated the process of retrofitting existing Working Women Hostel so as to provide affordable accommodation and protection to working women. TNSF is planning to invest in TNWWHCL for the retrofitting of existing Working Women Hostel at eight locations (Salem, Tiruppur, Perambalur, Villupuram, Vellore, Tirunelveli, Thanjavur and Chennai)

TNSF is committed towards integrating ESG – Environment, Social, Governance factors into investee companies and proposed projects. For the same, TNIFMChas engaged EVI, a TNSF empanelled consultant, to further conduct a due diligence on the TNWWHCL, the investee Company, for the proposed project of retrofitting existing working women hostel and to identify the risks and provide a mitigation plan.

1.2 Objectives and scope of work

The objective of the assignment is to conduct an ESG Due Diligence of the proposed retrofitting of government working women's hostel at Tirunelveli with reference to the TNSF's ESG Management System, local and the national regulations, ADB Safeguard Framework, IFC Performance Standards, and World Bank Safeguard Standards.

The scope of work is:

- Review the extent of Building & Construction process of the investee company in accordance with the local laws and regulations including:
 - Status of permits and approvals.
 - Environmental, health, governance & safety management policies and practices;
 - Human resources management policies and practices with specific focus on workplace conditions, child labor, forced labor and sexual harassment (prevention, prohibition and redressal mechanisms), and other aspects highlighted in the relevant labor laws and VISHAKA guidelines.
- Review the applicability of international standards ADB Safeguard framework, IFC performance Standards, and World Bank Safeguard Standards. The ADB requirements are specified as below:
 - Degradation of cultural property
 - Loss of cultural heritage & tourism revenues
 - Short-term and/or long-term ecological disturbances
 - Waste management plan (construction & demolition waste, hazardous waste, sanitation, municipal solid waste for construction)
 - Environment management plan (potential impacts & mitigation, monitoring & implementation and performance indicators)
 - Public Health Hazards as a result of ambient, household and occupational pollution, thermal inversion, and smog formation.

- Community related health & safety risks and impacts
- o Occupational health & safety risks and vulnerability (for employees / workers)
- Occupational health and safety management
- Community health and safety management plan
- Number of persons displaced by the project (physical/economic, permanent/temporary)
- Right of Way (ROW) used by local people and RoW to be created for maintaining access to project and adjoining sites.
- Loss of crops, trees, and fixed assets resulting in loss of income to titleholders or nontitleholders
- o Loss of access to natural resources, communal facilities, and services by the people
- Restriction on access to communally or state owned land and resources
- Vulnerability of project location to climatic conditions including extreme weather related events such as floods and /or landslides
- Grievance Redressal Mechanism (GRM)
- On-site visit and Stakeholder Consultations
- Conduct high-level Gap Assessment; and
- Provide mitigation plan to address the identified gaps/risks (along with approximate budget, responsibilities and timeline).

1.3 Applicable reference frameworks

The assignment has been conducted in accordance to the following framework:

- 1. TNSF ESGMS
- 2. Applicable local and national environmental and social regulations
- 3. World Bank, International Finance Corporation, Asian Development Bank guidelines

1.4 Approach and methodology

The ESG due diligence has been carried out based on the review of the documents provided by the TNWWHCL, the SPV, and Department of Social Welfare (DSW) from ESG perspective, site visit to the project site and consultations with the relevant stakeholders.

- Project Preparation: EVI team held a kickoff call with TNIFMC to apprise the team of the process
 for initiating the project. Project manager/focal point responsible for providing required information
 and documentation at TNIFMC end were identified. In addition, the site visit plan was also agreed
 upon at this stage.
- Desk Review: This includes a review of documents relevant to environmental, health and safety
 management i.e., environmental permits / licenses and associated applications, health and safety
 management plan, emergency plan, detailed feasibility report, consultation plans and
 consultations done till date, concession and construction contracts, any other additional
 environmental, health and safety studies etc. (Refer Annexure)
- **Site Investigation**: A one day site investigation of the Working Women's Hostel located at Tirunelveli, Tamil Nadu was carried out on 22nd March 2021.
- Site visit and consultations: EVI Team undertook discussions with the relevant stakeholder (investor, investee and local community people) related to project to discuss the ESG issues, capture their perspectives and obtaining additional information beyond the statutory documents –
 - Investor (TNFIMC):
 - Mr. N. Prabakaran (Vice President Technical), TNIFMC
 - Ms. Nithya (Assistant Manager), TNIFMC
 - Special Purpose Vehicle (TNWWHCL):
 - Ms. Malathi Helen, Officer on Special Duty (OSD), Social Welfare and Nutritious Meal Programme Department
 - Department of Social Welfare (DSW)
 - L.Saraswathi, District Social Welfare Officer (DSWO), Tirunelveli
- **Reporting:** This report presents key ESG issues and risks and mitigation measures for high-risk issues.

2. Project overview

2.1 About project developer

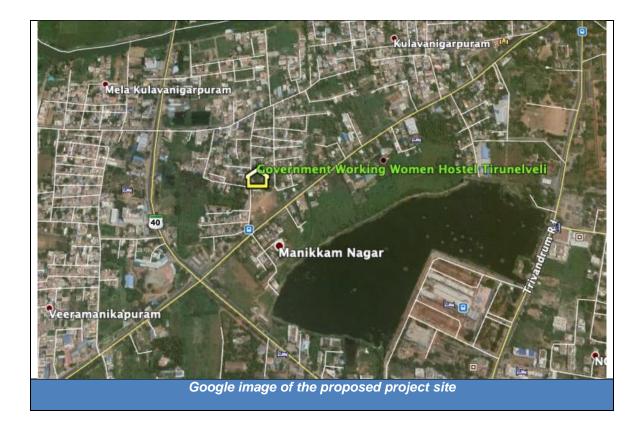
The proposed project is being developed by Tamil Nadu Working Women's Hostels Corporation Limited (TNWWHCL), a SPV established by the Department of Social Welfare and Nutritious Meal Programme (DSW) under Government of Tamil Nadu. DSW focuses on improving the lives of women, children, senior citizens and third genders through several schemes to ensure good health, education, nutrition, employment and protection of women, children, senior citizens and third-party genders.

TNWWHCL was established in May 2019 and incorporated on 6th February 2020 by the Commissioner of Social Welfare under the Companies Act 2013. TNWWHCL is a Government owned SPV formed to oversee construction, maintenance and operations of selected Government Hostels. TNWWHCL also looks into the maintenance &management of other special project of DSW related to working women hostels, creches, senior citizen homes, child-care institutions including crèches and projects for third gender welfare and all related infrastructure with funding through TNIFMC.

2.2Description of the proposed project site

	Table 1. Description of proposed project site
Parameters	Description
Project details	The project aims to retrofit the existing hostel for working women and girls in Tirunelveli, Tamil Nadu. The hostel will be retrofitted with environmentally friendly interventions suited to the needs of the occupants.
Location	The hostel is located in Veeramanikapuram, Tirunelveli District
	Latitude: 8°42'20.0"N, Longitude: 77°43'20.7"E
Total area	Total land area of the site is 899 Sq.m and build up area is 677.8 Sq.m
Present and Past land use	The site is presently being utilized as a Government Welfare hostel for working women
Adjoining area	The hostel is surrounded by Government Primary School to the South, New Colony Road to the West, Vacant land to the East and Residential Unit to the North. The hostel is surrounded residential developments on all the sides. SIDCO Pettai industrial estate is located within 30-40 minutes travel time from the site.
Access road	The hostel can be accessed via the New Colony Street from Ambai Road which further connects to roads and highways in the city.
Building	Own building Structure (number of floors) – Ground +2 floor Number of Rooms -21
Operational Since	Inaugurated in 2017
Present Strength (as on 15.10.20)	 Total 21 Rooms with 46 Beds. The hostel is currently 89% occupied 4 seater - 2 rooms, 2 seater - 19 rooms.
Present Staff Details	1 Night watchman, 1 Hostel warden, and 1 Cook. 2 Assistant cook and 1 sweeper.

Table 1. Description of proposed project site



2.3 Proposed Retrofitting requirements of the site

The feasibility report prepared by Cushman and Wakefield details out the present status of the Tirunelveli Working Women Hostel, requirements of retrofitting and proposed enhancements.

The retrofitting plan is proposed for all the hostel floors. As per the plan, a covered parking for two wheelers will be built in the hostel premise. A security cabin will also be provided with a toilet. A separate laundry area will also be provided. The layout of the 2 bedded rooms and 4 bedded rooms will be retrofitted to include foldable study units. Additional storage will be provided in 4 bedded rooms.

CCTV camera, RO water dispenser, one Garbage bin per room and common bins in the corridor will be provided along with fire extinguishers as part of the retrofitting process

The summary of proposed retrofitting requirements is mentioned in the table below.

S. No	Proposed Retrofitting
Site Level F	Retrofitting
1	2-Wheeler parking to be increased
2	Facade treatment with standardisation scheme
3	Laundry area
4	Laying of pavers (from entrance up to security room)
5	8 shape walkways

For Existing 2 Bedded Room		
6	Closure of toilet wall above door	
7	Foldable Study Unit	
8	Cupboard Shutters	
For Existing 4Bedded Room		
9	Foldable Study Unit	
10	Closure of toilet wall above door	
11	Additional Storage Units	
12	Cupboard Shutters	

3. Regulatory requirements and status of applicable permits

S. No	Applicable legal requirements	Regulatory authority/ Agency responsible	Status	Remarks
1	Tree Cutting Clearances from the authorities as per the Tamil Nadu Timber Transit Rules, 1968 as amended	District Revenue Department	Not Applicable	
2	Consent to establish and consent to operate under Air Act, 1981	Tamil Nadu Pollution Control Board (TNPCB)	Not Applicable	
3	Consent to establish and consent to operate under Water Act, 1974	Tamil Nadu Pollution Control Board (TNPCB)	Not Applicable	
4	Approval for storage, handling and transport of hazardous materials under Hazardous Wastes (Management and Handling) Rules. 1989 Manufacturing, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules, 1989	Tamil Nadu Pollution Control Board (TNPCB)	Not Applicable	
5	Groundwater extraction under Tamil Nadu Groundwater Development and Management Act 2000	Public Works Department	Not Applicable	
6	Approval for Disposal of Construction and Demolition waste under Construction and Demolition (C&D) Waste Management Rules, 2016	Public Works Department	Not Applicable	
7	Certificate of registration under Interstate Migrant Worker Act	Industrial Safety and Health, Government of Tamil Nadu	Not Applicable	
8	Fire NOC	Tamil Nadu Fire and Rescue Services Department	Not Applicable	
9	Registration of project under RERA, The Real Estate (Regulation and development) Act, 2016	Tamil Nadu Real Estate Regulatory Authority	Not Applicable	
10	NOC from AAI	Airports Authority of India	Not Applicable	
11	NOC from Traffic Police	Superintendent of Police, District	Not Applicable	
12	NOC from local Panchayat	Panchayat Union	Not Applicable	
13	Certificate of Registration under Building and Other	The Tamil Nadu Construction Workers	Not Applicable	

S. No	Applicable legal requirements	Regulatory authority/ Agency responsible	Status	Remarks
	Construction workers (Regulation Of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1996	Welfare Board		
14	Environment Clearance	State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority – Tamil Nadu	Not Applicable	

4. Applicability of International Standards

IFC Performance Standards

IFC Performance Standards	Applicability	Coverage in the report
Performance Standard 1 Assessment and Management of Environmental and Social Risks and Impacts	Yes	 E. 17 - Availability and validity of the environmental clearance E. 18 - Environmental management plan implementation E. 19 - Assessment of environmental pollution, risks, impacts (Dust, Air emission, Noise) G. 2 - Grievance redressal mechanism G. 3 - Monitoring and reporting
Performance Standard 2 Labour and Working Conditions	Yes	 G. 1 - Corporate level governance policies G. 4 - Contractor management
Performance Standard 3 Resource Efficiency and Pollution Prevention	Yes	 E. 4 - Potential soil and ground water contamination E. 6 - Construction and other waste disposal E. 7 - Source and availability of water E. 8 - Consumption of water E. 9 - Impact on water availability in the local community E. 10 - Potential impact on soil and water body nearby E. 11 - Effluent management E. 12 - Sensitive areas such as environmental, cultural and heritage site E. 13 - Adverse impact of air water, aesthetic pollution on the environmental, cultural and heritage site activity E. 16 - Significant environmental liabilities
Performance Standard 4 Community Health, Safety, and Security	No (community health and safety	 S. 1 - Safety and security S. 2 - Community concerns S. 3 - Past legal non -compliance G. 7 - Adverse media articles, E. 14 - Loss of accessibility to the local community E. 15 - Serious environmental and social incidents
Performance Standard 5 Land Acquisition and Involuntary Resettlement	No	 E. 1 - Past land use E. 2 - Any disputes/claims/ arbitration to the land E 3 - Surrounding land use

Performance Standard 6 Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable Management of Living Natural Resources	No	 E. 5 - Loss of biodiversity due to land clearing E.12 - Sensitive areas such as environmental, cultural and heritage site
Performance Standard 7 Indigenous Peoples	No	-
Performance Standard 8 Cultural Heritage	No	 E. 12 - Sensitive areas such as environmental, cultural and heritage site

ADB Safeguard Requirements

	ADB Safeguard Requirements	Applicability	Coverage in the report
Safe Env 0 0 0 0 0	Equard Requirement 1 ironment Environmental Assessment Environmental Planning and Management Consultation and Participation Grievance Redress Mechanism Monitoring and reporting Unanticipated Environmental Impacts Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable Natural Resource Management Pollution Prevention and Abatement Health and safety Physical Cultural Resources	Yes	 E. 4 - Potential soil and ground water contamination E. 6 - Construction and other waste disposal E. 7 - Source and availability of water E. 8 - Consumption of water E. 9 - Impact on water availability in the local community E. 10 - Potential impact on soil and water body nearby E. 11 - Effluent management E. 12 - Sensitive areas such as environmental, cultural and heritage site E. 13 - Adverse impact of air water, aesthetic pollution on the environmental, cultural and heritage site E. 14 - Loss of accessibility to the local community E. 15 - Serious environmental and social incidents E. 17 - Availability and validity of the environmental clearance E. 18 - Environmental management plan implementation E. 19 - Assessment of environmental pollution, risks, impacts (Dust, Air emission, Noise) S. 1 - Safety and security S. 2 - Community concerns G. 2 - Grievance redressal mechanism

ADB Safeguard Requirements	Applicability	Coverage in the report
Safeguard Requirement 2	No	 G. 3 - Monitoring and reporting G. 4 – Contractor management E. 1 - Past land use
Involuntary Resettlement		 E. 2 - Any disputes/claims/ arbitration to the land E 3 - Surrounding land use
Safeguard Requirement 3 Indigenous Peoples	No	-

WB Safeguards Requirements

World Bank Standards Requirements	Applicability	Coverage in the report		
Environmental and Social Standard 1 Assessment and Management of Environmental and Social Risks and Impacts	 C. 10 - Genous environmental social incidents E. 16 - Significant environmental clearance E. 17 - Availability and venvironmental clearance E. 18 - Environmental mentation E. 19 - Assessment of epollution, risks, impacts emission, Noise) G. 2 - Grievance Redres G. 3 - Monitoring and redres rd 2 Yes 			
Environmental and Social Standard 2 Labour and Working Conditions	Yes	policies (Prevention of sexual harassment, Anti-bribery and corruption, Child labour, Forced labour, Whistle- blower)		
Environmental and Social Standard 3 Resource Efficiency and Pollution Prevention and Management	Yes	 G. 4 - Contractor management E. 4 - Potential soil and ground water contamination E. 6 - Construction and other waste disposal E. 7 - Source and availability of water E. 8 - Consumption of water E. 9 - Impact on water availability in the local community E. 10 - Potential impact on soil and water body nearby E. 11 - Effluent management 		
Environmental and Social Standard 4 Community Health and Safety	No	 S. 1 - Safety and security S. 2 - Community concerns S. 3 - Past legal non -compliance 		

World Bank Standards Requirements	Applicability	Coverage in the report
		 E. 14 - Loss of accessibility to the local community E. 15 - Serious environmental and social incidents G. 7 - Adverse media articles
Environmental and Social Standard 5 Land Acquisition, Restrictions on Land Use and Involuntary Resettlement	No	 E. 1 - Past land use E. 2 - Any disputes/claims/ arbitration to the land E. 3 - Surrounding land use
Environmental and Social Standard 6 Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable Management of Living Natural Resources	No	~ E. 5 - Loss of biodiversity due to land clearing
Environmental and Social Standard 7 Indigenous Peoples/Sub-Saharan African Historically Underserved Traditional Local Communities	No	
Environmental and Social Standard 8 Cultural Heritage	No	 E. 12 - Sensitive areas such as environmental, cultural and heritage site E. 13 - Adverse impact of air water, aesthetic pollution on the environmental, cultural and heritage sites due to project activity
Environmental and Social Standard 9 Financial Intermediaries	No	
Environmental and Social Standard 10 Stakeholder Engagement and Information Disclosure	No	

5. Key findings section

Environment

S. No.	Торіс	Key findings
E. 1	Past land use	Working women hostel is operational since 01.04.17. The hostel is built on Government land.
E. 2	Any disputes/claims/ arbitration to the land	Working women's hostel operational since 01.04.17. There is no evidence of any dispute/claims/arbitration to the land.
E. 3	Surrounding land use	The hostels surrounding land use includes Government Primary School to the South, New Colony Road to the West, Vacant land to the East and Residential Unit to the North.
E. 4	Potential soil and ground water contamination	As per the proposed retrofitting mentioned in feasibility report, retrofitting includes minor repair and patchwork and it will not involve any construction or structural changes in the hostel building. Same was confirmed during the discussion with Social Welfare and Nutritious Meal Programme Department. Hence, no soil and ground water contamination anticipated.
E. 5	Loss of biodiversity due to land clearing	Retrofitting will be done in existing hostel building with no additional land clearing required. Hence no loss of Biodiversity is anticipated.
E. 6	Construction and other waste disposal	For domestic waste disposal, the hostel is dependent on city municipal corporation services. The waste is dumped in the waste collection boxes that are located outside of the hostel boundary.
		For construction waste, as there will be no construction activity there will be no construction waste generation. Small amount of debris, if any, generated during the retrofit operations will be disposed off as per the regulatory norms.
E. 7	Source and availability of water	Ground water from borewell is used for domestic purposes. Drinking water is procured privately by inmates from the bottled water suppliers.
E. 8	Consumption of water	Records of consumption of water are not maintained.
E. 9	Impact on water availability in the local community	As water is sourced from ground, there may be an impact on ground water level. However, Rain water harvesting system is installed with three water harvesting pits available at the project site. Water meter may be installed and records of ground water usage may be maintained.

S. No.	Торіс	Key findings
E. 10	Potential impact water body nearby	There is no water body close to the hostel.
E. 11	Effluent management	There is no industrial activity hence no effluent is generated.
E. 12	Sensitive areas such as environmental, cultural and heritage site	The project site is located in residential area. There are no environmental and culturally sensitive areas. Also, there are no heritage sites in the vicinity.
E. 13	Adverse impact of air, water, aesthetic pollution on the environmental, cultural and heritage sites due to project activity	There are no sensitive or cultural sites around the hostel hence there will be no adverse impact of air, water or aesthetic pollution on the same. Moreover, the project doesn't involve any construction activity hence there will be no impact of pollution due to project activity.
E. 14	Loss of accessibility to the local community	All the retrofitting will be done within the hostel premises. Hence no loss of accessibility of any public resource to the local community will occur due to retrofitting.
E. 15	Serious environmental and social incidents	Based on site visit and web search, no information was found about any serious environment and social incidents occurred at the project site.
E. 16	Significant environmental liabilities	The site does not store or handle any hazardous chemicals, no significant environmental liabilities is envisaged
E. 17	Availability and validity of the environmental clearance.	As per the retrofitting requirements mentioned in feasibility report, retrofitting will not involve any structural changes in the hostel building. Environment clearance is not required
E. 18	Environmental management plan implementation	As the proposed retrofitting works are very minor and mostly routine maintenance works, it does not require a separate Environment Management Plan. However, due care will be taken to follow 'Good Engineering Practices' to ensure least pollution (air, noise, etc.) during the retrofit works. Company may develop guidelines for the contractor to ensure good engineering practices.
E. 19	Assessment of environmental pollution, risks, impacts (Dust, Air emission, Noise)	As per the retrofitting requirements mentioned in feasibility report, retrofitting will not involve any construction or structural changes in the hostel building. Hence no construction activity will take place. Any noise due to retrofitting will be short term and within the boundary walls of hostel. As per the existing information about the retrofitting, no environmental impacts are anticipated.
E. 20	Transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of excavated spoils, materials such as	As the retrofitting doesn't involve structural changes hence no construction activity shall take place.

S. No.	Торіс	Key findings
	explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction	
E. 21	Established baseline for common natural resources, livelihoods, social interactions, support systems, other social and cultural characteristics	The establishment of baselines for retrofitting project is not applicable as no major changes are made to the hostel.
E. 22	Due Diligence for the "associated facilities"	During the site visit, it was observed that no associated facilities are required for this project as this is a brownfield development with existing power and water supply.
E. 23	Certified designs by licenses structural engineers	As the retrofitting project doesn't involve any structural changes certification from licensed structural engineers is not required.
E. 24	Project location vulnerable and/or likely to be affected by climate conditions	There has been a recent incident of flood in Thamirabarani river with low lying areas of Tirunelveli inundated in January 2021. However, Thamirabarani river is around 4 km away from the site. So far no climatic incidents i.e. flood has impacted the project sites and same is anticipated in future.
E. 25	Impacts due to Batching Plant operation	As no concrete work is envisaged in the retrofitting report, hence this does not apply.
E. 26	Topsoil Management	The retrofitting will be done inside the existing hostel building. Hence topsoil management not applicable.
E. 27	Hazardous Waste Management	The retrofitting will not result in any hazardous waste generation hence the hazardous waste management is not applicable.
E. 28	Environmental Performance Indicators in EMP	The women hostel is 100% owned by Government of Tamil Nadu. Policies and guidelines of Department of Social Welfare and Government of Tamil Nadu are applicable. As the proposed retrofitting works are very minor and mostly routine maintenance works, it does not require a separate Environment Management Plan.

Social

S. No.	Торіс	Key findings		
S. 1	Safety and security	The project site is located in a residential area. The hostel premise is gated with boundary walls. Boundary walls don't have barb wires. Security Guard appointed by the Government for night only and no guard is available during		

S. No.	Торіс	Key findings
		daytime. Only ground floor of the hostel ground has wheelchair access.
		LPG is used as cooking fuel. During the visit, it was found that 12 cylinders were stored near the kitchen. This can be dangerous as there is no fire management system installed in the hostel premises. However, scope of retrofitting includes installation of security cameras and fire extinguishers which will enhance safety and security.
S. 2	Community concerns	Retrofitting will be done within the boundary wall of hostel complex hence there will be no interaction or interference with nearby community.
S. 3	Past legal non-compliance	Based on the web search, no evidences of past legal non- compliance are found.
S. 4	Health & Safety Management Plan	There is no project site specific health and safety management plan but as the hostel is 100% owned by the Government of Tamil Nadu, the policies and guidelines of Department of Social Welfare and Government of Tamil Nadu are applicable. Health and safety policy for the contractors is to be prepared before start of retrofitting.
S. 5	Access to Right of Way (ROW) for local people	Retrofitting will be done within the hostel premise hence there will be no interaction or interference with nearby community.
S. 6	Number of persons that will be displaced, loss of crop or income by the Project	Retrofitting will be done in existing hostel complex. Hence no person will be displaced. Also there will not be any loss of crops or income by the project.

Governance

S. No.	Торіс	Key findings
G.1	Corporate level governance policies on: Governance Structure Prevention of sexual harassment Anti-bribery and corruption, Child labour Forced labour	TNWWHCL (the SPV) was incorporated on 6 th February 2020 as per Companies Act 2013. The purpose of the SPV is to oversee construction, maintenance and operations of selected Government Hostels The Chairperson and Directors are of the company are from Government Departments. Hence it can be said that TNWWHCL shall be owned and operated by Government of Tamil Nadu. The first board meeting was held on 04.03.2020.
	and safety policies	As TNWWHCL is in early stage the corporate policies i.e. prevention of sexual harassment, anti-bribery & corruption etc. have not been developed so far. However, the company is owned and operated by Government of Tamil Nadu, the government regulation and guidelines shall be applicable.

		The operational rules specific to the hostel complex are displayed publicly.
		Policies and system specific to company are to be prepared before start of retrofitting of hostels.
G.2	Grievance redressal mechanism	At present grievance redressal is done through District Social Welfare Officer (DSWO). Evidence of documented records of grievances is not available. Grievance redressal system for the company needs to be put in place before start of retrofitting of hostels. However, GRM of TNIFMC as a Fund Manager is applicable. GRM guidelines should be displayed and communicated to women staying in hostel.
G.3	Monitoring and reporting	At present Monitoring and reporting of hostel is through DSWO. A periodic monitoring and reporting system for the retrofitting project needs to be prepared before the start of the operations.
G.4	Contractor management	Contractor for retrofitting work will be appointed through tender process. Guidelines of the Government of Tamil Nadu (Tamil Nadu Tender Transparency Act) will be followed to the extent applicable.
G.5	Stakeholder Engagement	A feasibility study has been conducted by a third party. At present, all the stakeholder concerns are handled by DSWO. However, the nature of work for proposed retrofitting doesn't require local stakeholders' consultation.
G. 6	Consents/permits/clearances	There is no construction or change in structure suggested in the retrofitting. There are no additional consents and permits required for the project. However, all working women hostels are required to get license as per Tamil Nadu hostel and homes act for Women and Children.
G. 7	Adverse media articles	No adverse records found in web search.

6. ESG Risk Rating

TNSF has developed as ESG risk rating tool its ESG management system, to identify and evaluate *material ESG risks* related to the project activities. Based on the site visit, stakeholder's consultation and documents review, issues have been identified and evaluated for its 'likelihood of occurrence' and 'severity of potential impact' for this project.

The issues identified are based on the current project status and may evolve during the course of construction and operational phase. The overall risk rating is coming 21.43 % which falls on "medium" risk on project risk rating scale with overall score of **18**. The separate scores for environment, social and governance are discussed below:

Project Risk Rating						
	Risk Level (%)	ESG Risk Rating				
	21.43	Med				

Environmental risk rating

As per the ESG risk rating tool, there are total 2 environmental risks identified in the project out of which none qualify as material ESG risks. The dimensional risk score is **4**. The screen shot of ESG risk rating tool is shown below:

Category	Type of Issue	Source	Importance (In terms of financial risk to the Fund's performance)	Importance (In terms of Environmental or Social or Reputational risk to the Fund)	Total Risk Score	Dimensional Risk Score	Material Risk
ental	Ground water	Due Diligence	1	2	3		No
Environme	Affect of climate conditions	Desk-Based Research	0	1	1	4	No

Social risk rating

As per the ESG risk rating tool, there are total 2 social risks identified in the project out of which none qualify as material ESG risks. The dimensional risk score is **5**. The screen shot of ESG risk rating tool for Social risk is shown below:

Category	Type of Issue	Source	Importance (In terms of financial risk to the Fund's performance)	Importance (In terms of Environmental or Social or Reputational risk to the Fund)	Total Risk Score	Dimensional Risk Score	Material Risk
ocial	Health, Safety and security	Due Diligence	1	2	3	5	No
So	Non-compliance	Due Diligence	1	1	2		No

Governance risk rating

As per the ESG risk rating tool, there are total 3 governance risks identified in the project out of which 1 qualify as material ESG risk. The dimensional risk score is **9**. The screen shot of ESG risk rating tool for Governance risk is shown below:

Category	Type of Issue	Source	Importance (In terms of financial risk to the Fund's performance)	Importance (In terms of Environmental or Social or Reputational risk to the Fund)	Total Risk Score	Dimensional Risk Score	Material Risk
Ø	Grievance redressal	Due Diligence	1	2	3		No
Governance	Contractor management issues	Due Diligence	2	2	4	9	Yes
	Stakeholder Engagement issues	Due Diligence	1	1	2		No

Material ESG risks for the project are listed below

Based on the ESG risk rating tool assessment, there is 1 material ESG risk identified with individual dimensional rating equal to/above 4. The mitigation and management plan for these material risks are provided in next section. The screen shot of ESG risk rating tool for showing list of Material Topics is shown below:

List of Material Topics					
Category	Material Topics				
Governance	Contractor management issues				

7. Mitigation Action Plan

S. NO	Material Risk	Related Key findings	Mitigation action plan	Responsibility	Tentative cost (INR)	
Enviro	Environmental					Recurring
1	Consumption of water	Records of consumption of water are not maintained.	A monitoring mechanism shall be developed to record the daily and monthly consumption of water. The hostel staff i.e. security guard may be assigned this responsibility. Water meter may be installed to monitor and record the ground water withdrawal.	TNWWHCL& DSW	10,000	NA
Social	Social					
2	Health, Safety and security	 The security guard is not available at all. Scope of retrofitting includes installation of security cameras and fire extinguishers which will enhance safety and security. 	A 24/7 security guard should be appointed for the hostel premises	TNWWHCL & DSW	-	10,000/month
Govern	nance					
3	Corporate level governance policies	As TNWWHCL is in early stage the corporate policies i.e. prevention of sexual harassment, anti-bribery & corruption etc. have not been developed so far. However, the company is owned and operated by Government of Tamil Nadu, the government regulation	As TNWWHCL is a Government owned company registered under company act 2013, it would be good to have company's corporate policies on following: • Prevention of sexual harassment • Anti-bribery and	TNWWHCL & DSW	150,000	-

		and guidelines shall be applicable	 corruption, Child labor and Forced labor Whistle- blower Environment health and safety policies 			
4	Grievance Redressal Mechanism	At present grievance redressal is done through District Social Welfare Officer (DSWO). Evidence of documented records of grievances is not available. Grievance redressal system for the company needs to be put in place before start of retrofitting of hostels. However, GRM of TNIFMC as a Fund Manager will be in effect. This further requires company to appoint field level GRO. GRM guidelines should be displayed and communicated to women staying in hostel.	A Grievance Redressal Mechanism (GRM) may be put in place with clear process of grievance receiving, documenting, closure and contact details of GRO.	TNWWHCL & DSW	100,000	-
5	Monitoring and Reporting	At present Monitoring and reporting of hostel is through DSWO. A periodic monitoring and reporting system specific to company as well as project sites needs to be prepared before start of retrofitting of hostels.	A periodic inspection or monitoring mechanism may be developed. The mechanism can include the key ESG risk i.e. floods, GRM, Contractor management etc. inspection/audit template for each ESG risk shall be prepared.	TNWWHCL & DSW	100,000	

8. Conclusion

The ESG Due Diligence study reveals that there are no potential impacts of the project for retrofitting of working women hostel in Tirunelveli. The project site is located in residential area and no environmentally or culturally sensitive areas are present in the vicinity. The hostel complex is Government owned hence there shall be no issues of land acquisition. Above all the proposed retrofitting doesn't involve any structural changes in the building hence no construction activity is anticipated at the site.

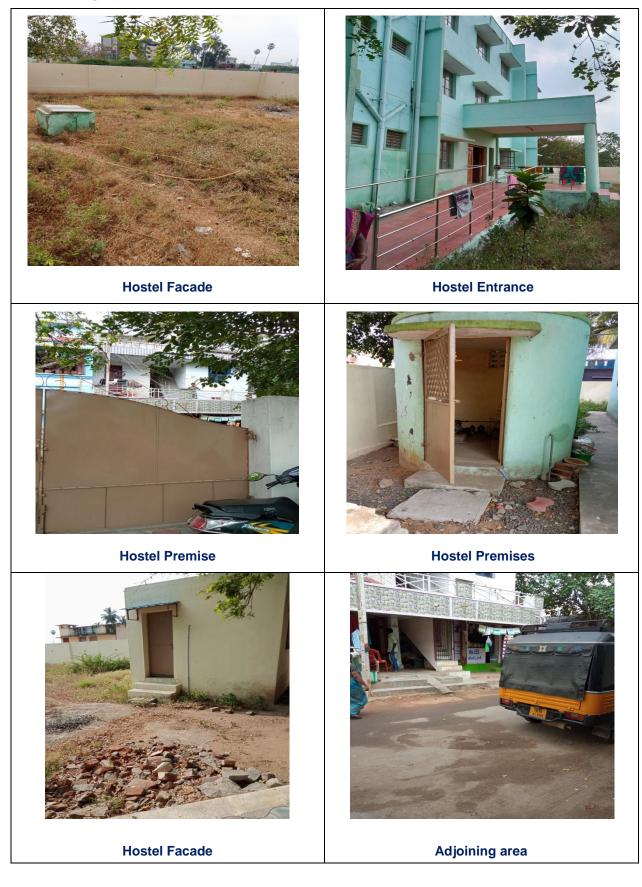
From corporate governance point of view, the company (TNWWHCL) is managed and operated by Government of Tamil Nadu hence all the government policy, rules and regulations related to prevention of sexual harassment, anti-bribery, anti-corruption, child labour, forced labour etc. shall be applicable. However, it is suggested in mitigation action to develop these policies over the period of time.

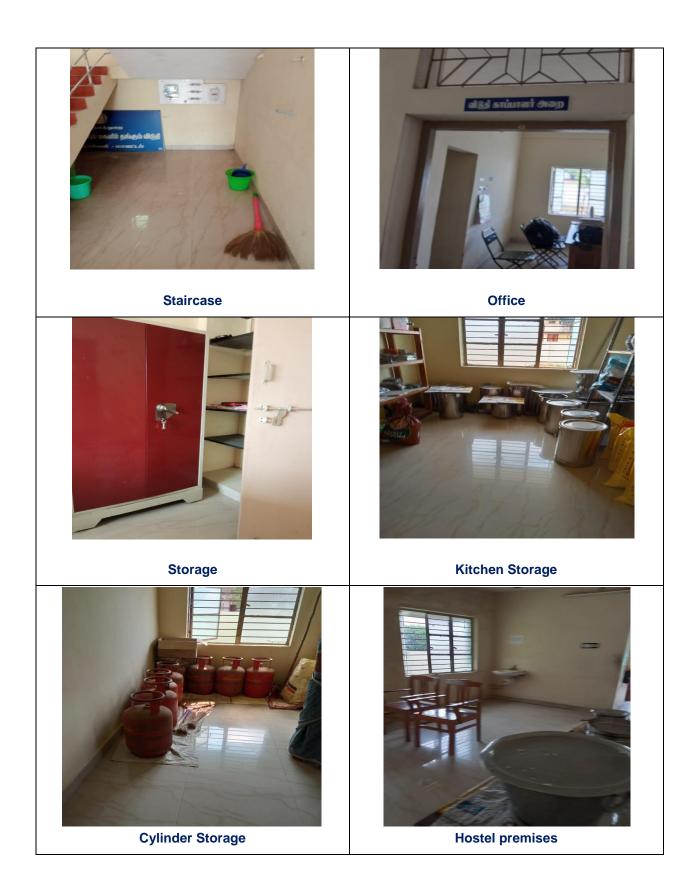
No major ESG issues related to project implementation were found in the due diligence process by EVI team. Potential risks were identified and mitigation action plan for the same have been suggested for implementation.

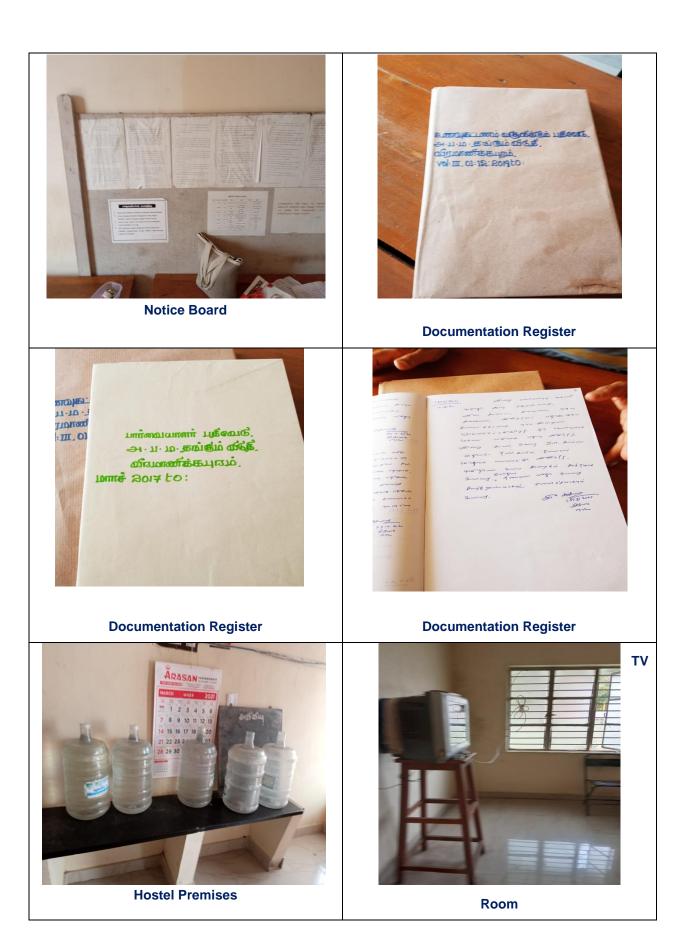
Based on the findings of ESG DD study at the project site, it can be concluded that the project of retrofitting of working women hostel at Tirunelveli is compliant with ESG requirements of TNSF ESGMS, IFC (PS), World Bank (ESS) and ADB (SPS). Further it can be added to conclusion that the project is likely to have minimal or no environmental and social impacts.

Annexure

Site Photographs







List of documents reviewed

- 1. Detailed feasibility report
- 2. TNWWHCL Certificate of Incorporation
- 3. GO's stating TNWWHCL Under SPV- formation
- 4. GST Certificate TNWWHCL